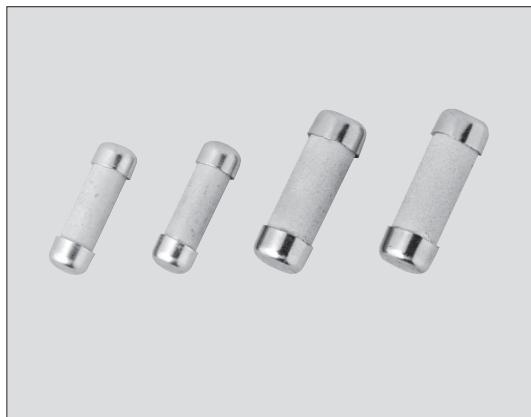


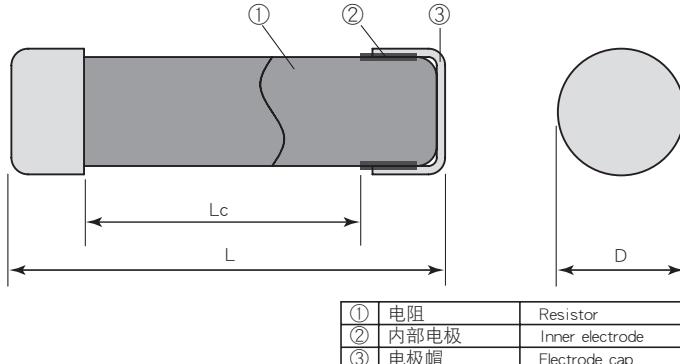
NOISE SUPPRESSOR



CPCN 陶瓷电阻器 Ceramic Resistors



■ 结构图 Construction



外观：无涂装 No coating

■ 特点 Features

- 在防止引擎点火电路的杂音上，性能优异。
- 对短路具有高可靠性。
- 对应欧盟RoHS。
- Excellent noise prevention of engine ignition circuit system.
- Highly reliable against disconnection.
- Products meet EU-RoHS requirements.

■ 参考标准 Reference Standards

IEC 60115-1
JIS C 5201-1

■ 外形尺寸 Dimensions

型号 Type	尺寸 Dimensions (mm)			端子镀层种类 Cap Plating Type	Weight (g) (1000pcs)
	L	Lc	D		
CPCN1/2	10.7±0.5	5.4Min.	3.5±0.1	Ni	330
CPCN1	16.0±0.6	9.6Min.	4.75±0.3	Ni	810
CPCN2N	18.3±0.6	11.5Min.	4.75±0.3	Ni	920
CPCN3	18.3±0.6	10.0Min.	7.2±0.3	Sn	2350

■ 品名构成 Type Designation

实例 Example

CPCN	1/2	502	M
品种 Product Code	额定功率记号 Power Rating Symbol	公称电阻值 Nominal Resistance	阻值允许偏差 Resistance Tolerance
	1/2:0.5W 1:1.0W 2N:1.5W 3:2.0W	3 digits	M:±20%

预知关于此产品含有的环境负荷物质详情（除EU-RoHS以外），请与我们联系。

Contact us when you have control request for environmental hazardous material other than the substance specified by EU-RoHS.

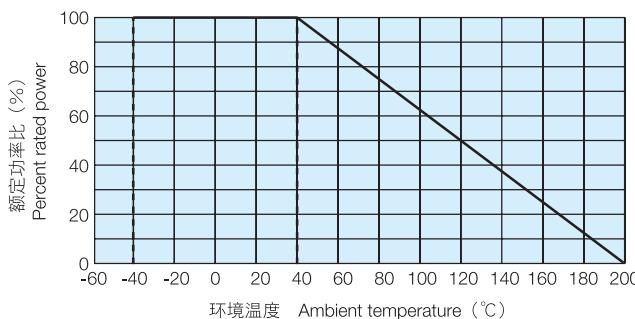
■ 额定值 Ratings

型 号 Type	额定功率 Power Rating	公称电阻值 Nominal Resistance	电阻值允许误差 Resistance Tolerance	电阻温度系数 T.C.R. ($\times 10^{-6}/K$)	最高使用电压 Max. Working Voltage	最高过载电压 Max. Overload Voltage	额定环境温度 Rated Ambient Temperature	使用温度范围 Operating Temp. Range	包装数量 Packaging Q'ty/Bag (pcs)		
CPCN1/2	0.5W	1kΩ, 5kΩ	M:±20%	-1200±300	86V	215V	+40°C	-40°C~+200°C	1,000		
CPCN1	1.0W	10kΩ, 15kΩ			122V	305V			1,000		
CPCN2N	1.5W	15kΩ			150V	375V			1,000		
CPCN3	2.0W				173V	432V			500		

额定电压是 $\sqrt{\text{额定功率} \times \text{公称电阻值}}$ 所算出的值或表中最高使用电压两者中小的值为额定电压。

Rated voltage = $\sqrt{\text{Power Rating} \times \text{Resistance value}}$ or Max. working voltage, whichever is lower.

■ 负荷特性曲线 Derating Curve



在环境温度40℃以上使用时，应按照上图负荷特性曲线，减小额定功率。

For resistors operated at an ambient temperature of 40°C or above, a power rating shall be derated in accordance with the above derating curve.

■ 性能 Performance

试验项目 Test Items	标准值 Performance Requirements $\Delta R \pm (% + 0.05 \Omega)$		试验方法 Test Methods
	保证值 Limit	代表值 Typical	
电阻值 Resistance	在规定的允许偏差内 Within specified tolerance	-	25°C 电阻值 Resistance 1kΩ, 5kΩ 10V 10kΩ, 15kΩ 30V
电阻温度系数 T.C.R.	$-1200 \pm 300 \times 10^{-6} / K$	-	+25°C~40°C and +25°C/+125°C
电压系数 Voltage coefficient	$0 \sim -0.2\% / V$	-	额定电压以及额定电压 $\times 10\%$ Rated voltage and rated voltage $\times 10\%$
过载(短时间) Overload (Short time)	2	0.3	额定电压的2.5倍或者最高过载电压，取其小者施加5秒 Rated voltage $\times 2.5$ or Max. overload vol., whichever is lower, for 5s
高压脉冲寿命 Load life at high voltage pulse	30	-	对试验电路 (参照JIS D5111) 连续施加250小时的脉冲。 CPCN1/2, CPCN1: 在硅油中 Continuous 250h high voltage pulse on the test circuit (Refer to JIS D 5111) CPCN1/2, CPCN1: In Silicon oil
电阻强度 Resistor body strength	电阻不应当出现龟裂、折损等情况 No mechanical damage	-	品种 (Type) CPCN1/2 5.0 \pm 0.2mm CPCN1/2 9.0 \pm 0.3mm CPCN2N CPCN3/2 12.3 \pm 0.3mm 支持间隔 (Holding distance) 保持时间 (Duration) 负载 (Load) 98N (10kgf) 490N (50kgf)
温度突变 Rapid change of temperature	5	5	-55°C (15min.) / +155°C (15min.) 500 cycles
耐湿负荷 Moisture resistance	5	0.9	40°C \pm 2°C, 90%~95%RH, 1000h 1.5小时ON、0.5小时OFF的周期 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
额定负荷 Load life	5	0.7	40°C \pm 2°C, 1000h 1.5小时ON、0.5小时OFF的周期 1.5h ON/0.5h OFF cycle
低温放置 Low temperature exposure	5	0.7	-40°C, 24h
高温放置 High temperature exposure	5	2.0	+200°C, 1000h

试验前后电阻值的测定须在室温温差1°C范围的条件下进行。

The resistance measurement before and after the test should be performed at a difference of $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ of room temp.

■ 使用注意事项 Precautions for Use

- 在容易发生雷击导致的浪涌的环境下，电阻器直接用于断路的环境下，电阻器直接连接输入、输出和地线的情况下，或者在施加脉冲的电路中使用的电阻器，浪涌和脉冲有可能损坏电阻器。针对可能的浪涌和脉冲，有必要假定最坏的情况，在进行十分仔细检验的基础上，选定电阻器。
- 请设计接收端子和安装方法以便在安装时电阻器不会受到过大的压力。尤其是当电阻器一边被固定时，即使较小的力也可能使电阻器折损。在组装有一边已经固定好的电阻器时，请不要再接入外部压力。
- Under the environment where surge like thunders etc. is apt to happen, the resistors used for open circuit, resistors connected directly to input, output or ground, and resistors used for the circuit pulse applied to, may be destructed by surge or pulse. Therefore, the resistors need to be selected after sufficient check on the supposition of the worst condition against possible surge and pulse.
- Please design the receiving terminal and the mounting method so that big power is not applied to the resistor when you assemble the resistor. Especially, comparatively weak power might be broken in the condition that the one side of the resistor is fixed. Please do not add the outside power when you assemble the resistor with the one side of the resistor fixed.